SECTION 1

Sentence	Compi	letions	(Questio	ns 1-4)
----------	-------	---------	----------	---------

This part consists of sentences with a word or words missing in each. For each question, choose the answer which best completes the sentence.

94	question, encose the unswer which best completes the sentence.					
1.	Another exhibition was named <i>Fighting With Tears</i> and it five who interacted live with the audience.					
	(1) inserted					
	(2) recorded					
	(3) involved					
	(4) covered					
2.	Despite their incredible popularity and large revenues, many football clubs are actually money.					
	(1) finding					
	(2) losing					
	(3) spending					
	(4) serving					
3.	A statue by Alex Katz, a young jewish artist, got the most because it showed a naked woman protecting her baby.					
	(1) attention					
	(2) underestimation					
	(3) disturbance					
	(4) variety					
4.	Many restaurants daily dishes not found on their regular menu.					
	(1) draw					
	(2) spin					
	(3) secure					
	(4) offer					

SECTION 2

Sentence Completions (Questions 5-8)

This part consists of sentences with a word or words missing in each. For each question, choose the answer which best completes the sentence.

5.	The mogul emperors reached the height of their power around the year 1700, when they over most of the indian subcontinent			
	(1) exaggerated			
	(2) depicted			
	(3) reigned			
	(4) endeavored			
6.	Theodore Roosevelt as the 26th president of the United States			
	following the assassination of President William McKinley, Jr. in 1901.			
	(1) took over			
	(2) drove by			
	(3) looked at			
	(4) turned in			
7.	After world war 1, the enormous of fallen soldiers led people to believe			
	their spirits might still be present.			
	(1) availability			
	(2) anxiety			
	(3) quality			
	(4) number			
8.	A judge has the responsibility to rule according to the country's law, it			
	contradicts his own beliefs.			
	(1) even if			
	(2) because			
	(3) as well as			
	(4) before			

SECTION 3

Reading Comprehension

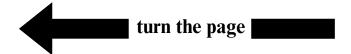
This part consists of one passage, followed by several related questions. For each question, choose the most appropriate answer based on the text.

Text I (Questions 9-13)

- (1) The World Welfare Organization estimates that the radical reduction in the female population in rural China by the next decade will increase to a 5% difference, representing a gap of millions between men and women. This imbalance is expected to grow among people of childbearing age over the next 15-20 years. According to one
- (5) study, the largest gaps between boys and girls are in the age group of 1 to 4 year old. This means that China will have to cope with the effects of that imbalance when those children reach reproductive age.
- In the 1970s, China realized that its land and other natural resources were becoming increasingly scarce, so it imposed strict birth control laws to limit growth of its huge population. According to government officials, these laws have prevented an additional 400 million births in a country that was already the most populous in the world. However, since rural families traditionally prefer a male heir, The infanticide of baby girls quickly became a problem.
 - In recent years, the prevalence of sonograms has allowed parents to learn the gender of their fetus at about 20 weeks into pregnancy, leading to a rise in the number of sex-based abortions in China. These days, China's authorities are attempting to amend this gender distortion by placing tougher penalties on illegal abortions. In addition, subsidy programs and education campaigns encouraging the birth of girls were launched by the government, but little has changed. "Nothing can be done now to prevent men from
- becoming the strong majority in the next generation," said a Chinese professor. This could trigger a slew of social problems, including a possible spike in crime by young men unable to find female partners.

Questions

- 9. It can be understood from the first paragraph that the imbalance between males and females in China -
 - (1) is expected to affect China most in 15-20 years
 - (2) is the result of government policy that prefers males to females
 - (3) is more prominent in rural areas than it is in the major cities
 - (4) was first brought to attention in a report by the World Welfare Organization
- 10. According to the second paragraph, the reason for the strict birth controls imposed in China was -
 - (1) an attempt to put a stop to female baby infanticide
 - (2) the preference of baby boys among most Chinese families
 - (3) to prevent a possible lack of resources
 - (4) that the population was already too large to handle
- 11. Sonograms caused a rise in the number of abortions because -
 - (1) birth defects can be revealed before a baby's birth
 - (2) they allow parents to know a baby's sex in advance
 - (3) parents can now legally choose the gender of their baby
 - (4) the government subsidizes abortion of male babies



- 12. According to the last paragraph, the Chinese authorities -
 - (1) are trying to fix the gender difference in the population
 - (2) have been very successful in reducing the number of abortions
 - (3) are focusing their efforts in rural areas
 - (4) expect 5% of males to remain without a spouse
- 13. Which of the following methods of population control is not mentioned in the text?
 - (1) limiting the number of births
 - (2) legalizing abortions
 - (3) subsidy programs
 - (4) educational campaigns

SECTION 4

Restatements (Questions 14-16)

This part consists of several sentences, each followed by four possible ways of restating the main idea of that sentence in other words. For each question, **choose the answer that best replaces the sentence.**

- 14. A growing number of consumer products, like cellular phones and cosmetics, are now being made from recyclable materials.
 - (1) Many consumer products are being manufactured today from materials that can be recycled.
 - (2) Cellular phones and cosmetics are examples of consumer products that are recycled nowadays, allowing their materials to be reused.
 - (3) Today, an increasing number of products, such as cosmetics and cellular phones, are manufactured from materials that can be recycled.
 - (4) Consumers are buying a growing number of products, such as cosmetics and cellular phones, which are made from recyclable materials.
- 15. Modern technology has brought us new freedoms and possibilities, and the younger generation in particular is embracing them enthusiastically.
 - (1) Modern technology has brought us a younger generation.
 - (2) The younger generation is most enthusiastic about the new technologies.
 - (3) Particularly the older generation is embracing new technologies enthusiastically.
 - (4) Modern technology has brought us new freedoms, but the younger generation doesn't enjoy them.

- **16.** To maintain a healthy physical form, one must combine aerobic as well as strength exercises.
 - (1) The maintenance of a healthy physical form is achieved by performing strong aerobic exercises.
 - (2) A mix of aerobic exercises and power exercises is necessary for staying in good shape.
 - (3) It is essential to combine aerobic and strength exercises for people who want a beautiful physical appearance.
 - (4) A healthy combination of strength and aerobic exercises will help one get in great physical shape.

SECTION 5

Restatements (Questions 17-19)

This part consists of several sentences, each followed by four possible ways of restating the main idea of that sentence in other words. For each question, **choose the answer that best replaces the sentence.**

- 17. New laws are providing better support for underprevileged infants, redifining the social dynamics in Israel.
 - (1) The new laws will create more poor kids in Israel
 - (2) New laws are redefining the social status of Israeli citizens
 - (3) Children in Israel are underprivileged by law
 - (4) Israel has defined by law the support for children and it will change their social status
- 18. As the human life expectancy continues to grow, largely due to advances in medicine and better nutrition during childhood, more funds will have to be diverted to see to the needs of the expanding elderly population.
 - (1) The expansion of the human population, due to an increased number of elderly people, requires that more money will be spent in the future for advancing medical science and improving children's nutrition.
 - (2) The fact that people live longer can be explained by improved medicine and childhood nutrition, and so future investment in the requirements of the increasing elderly population will have to be made.
 - (3) If growth of the human life expectancy will continue, thanks to advances in medicine and improved child nutrition, the elderly population will not have the funds to support its needs.
 - (4) The necessary funds to support the world's growing elderly population will have to be diverted away from other areas of expenditure, like medical research or plans to improve children's nutrition.

- 19. Primates are capable of making numerous distinct and complex vocalizations, gestures, and facial expressions to convey various psychological states.
 - (1) Although they are capable of making only a few vocalizations, gestures, and facial expressions, primates have other means of conveying variations in psychological state.
 - (2) Primates express a variety of psychological states by using many vocalizations, gestures, and facial expressions.
 - (3) It is commonly believed that the numerous vocalizations, gestures, and facial expressions primates make are distinct and complex attempts to convey variations in psychological state
 - (4) By making numerous vocalizations, gestures and facial expressions, primates can convey complex psychological states.

SECTION 6

Sentence Completions (Questions 20-23)

This part consists of sentences with a word or words missing in each. For each question, choose the answer which best completes the sentence.

The Buddha's teachings regarding the use of meditation to cease cravings and reduce mental suffering may help to reach state of awareness.				
(1) an agitated				
(2) an elevated				
(3) a deficient(4) a massive				
(¬) a massive				
Honolulu was first by Polynesian migrants during the 12th century, according to its local oral history.				
(1) tripped				
(2) handled				
(3) destroyed				
(4) settled				
A mortgage is essentially a long term loan, in which the property being				
bought also functions as for the bank financing the deal.				
(1) attention				
(2) underestimation				
(3) disturbance				
(4) variety				
Dieters are miserable, spending a lifetime fighting a losing battle against				
spreading hips, tummies and double chins.				
(1) protective				
(2) unendable				
(3) protruding				